

This, however is not the most serious accusation. It is further in proof that these Senators, when a bill amending the charter of the Harlem Rail Road, was before the Senate for a third reading, formed a conspiracy with Bartow and others to delay its passage until stock could be purchased at reduced prices. That in pursuance of this conspiracy, they each on successive days, made speeches against this bill, which delayed its passage until Bartow had purchased the stock, and that they then both voted for the bill!

It is further in proof that KEMBLE, since the commencement of the present session, told a Director of the Commercial Bank, that if the Bank would exonerate him from his liabilities and the charges in relation to the affair, he would guarantee the success of their application for an increase of capital!

Such is briefly the nature of the Report and the testimony which accompanies it. The Committee submit it to the Senate without indicating what further action was deemed proper.

CHERAW GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1836.

We have received from Washington the melancholy intelligence of the death of Col. Manning, the representative from this District. The tribute of respect to his memory, by Col. Preston in the Senate, and Mr. Finckney in the House, though deserved, is the more honorable to these gentlemen from their having been politically opposed to him.

Extract of a letter from Washington City to a gentleman in this place dated May 3d, 1836.

"Your very estimable and much regretted Representative, Col. MANNING, left us last Thursday in health and on an excursion to Philadelphia. On Sunday he dined in company, was unusually cheerful, left the table at half past four, and was taken with a chilliness and a disposition to vomit, and in an hour without almost any pain or effort was a corpse. His death was supposed to have been caused by some enlargement of the blood vessels about the heart."

The S. C. Herald is now published by the Editor of this paper in the same office. To any of our exchange papers which exchanged with the Herald when published in Columbia, we shall take pleasure in sending both papers, if they wish it, without putting them to the expense of more than one copy of their respective papers in return. They who wish to see both will direct their papers to the *Herald and Gazette* Cheraw S. C.

Persons who wish to be national statesmen and politicians will, of course, take the daily or at least the tri-weekly papers from the seat of Government. It is impossible to furnish, in a weekly paper, the information which they need, even if it contained nothing else but political matter. It is no part of our aim to supply the wants of this class of readers. Our paper is designed for plain farmers who wish the most important news of the day, and so much political information as shall enable them intelligently to discharge the duties of citizens; and particularly the duty of choosing men to make and administer laws for their government and the protection of their rights. Our aim is not to excite their prejudices, and inflame their passions by one-sided, or exaggerated statements. We think it a reproach to our country, and to republican institutions that the country should be kept in almost constant commotion upon the question: *Who shall be our rulers?* Surely, if the people are qualified for self government, this is not necessary. If the conductors of the public press were men who would give the unvarnished truth, and nothing but the truth to their readers, the people would be much better qualified than they now are for the discharge of their political duties, and the country would in every respect be much better off. There is nothing in which reform is so much needed as in this particular. We have sometimes thought that it would be an advantage to the country if each State should establish a newspaper, and appoint Editors, to be paid fixed salaries from the State treasury, who should be sworn to insert in their columns the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth on subjects having any bearing upon elections.

But we sat down only to say to our readers that we this week give them extracts from the Speech of Mr. Bell who was originally a supporter of the present administration, and is now a temporary opposer of it; and that we shall follow it with corresponding extracts from the Speech of Mr. Patton, made in reply.

The President of the United States has issued a proclamation, giving publicity to a "Supplementary Treaty" with the United Mexican States, the ratifications of which were exchanged on the 20th April. The object of the treaty is to appoint commissioners and surveyors for running the dividing line between Mexico (that is Texas) and the United States.

Public meetings on the subject of aiding Texas have been held in New York, New Orleans, Cincinnati, Louisville and other places. On the 21st April, 80 "Texian emigrants" left Cincinnati, under the direction of Lieut. Stansbury of the "Texian army" On the same day 40 "Texian Volunteers" left Louisville, Ky. with "trustworthy rifles."

A part of the ceiling and timbers of St. Peter's Church N. York, lately fell at night, destroying the pews below.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives of New York to reduce the rate of interest from 7 to 6 per cent. Ayes 85; Nays 25.

The bill for the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, it will be seen, by a reference to the proceedings of Congress, has finally passed the Senate by a majority of 5 votes. If it should pass the other House, it is probable the President will again veto it, as he did last year. In that case, it will, at last be lost. For the majority in its favor in the Senate is less than two thirds, and it is not probable that any of the President's friends will change in its favor, because he is opposed to it.

Crandall whose case has been pending for some time in Washington under charge of circulating incendiary pamphlets has been acquitted; the evidence against him, not being sufficient to warrant this condemnation. This decision is said to have caused much excitement in the city.

The Augusta Volunteers have arrived at home.

It is stated that the Texian Commissioners have effected a loan in New York to a considerable amount. On the first day \$100,000 was subscribed.

From the Camden Journal.

The Books for receiving subscriptions to the Capital Stock of this Bank, Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, (four thousand shares at Fifty Dollars each) were opened on Monday and Tuesday last at the various places designated by the Charter. We have not heard from most of them, and cannot therefore state the entire number of shares taken. We give the amount as far as we have been able to ascertain them, viz.

Camden,	29,351 Shares.
Charleston,	23,700 "
Cheraw,	10,913 "
Sumterville,	2,155 "
Wilmington,	2,765 "
Lancaster,	2,202 "
Columbia,	22,454 "
	92,540

We have not heard what has been done at the other places where the Books were opened, nor have we the number of names which were used at the above places. There can be no doubt however but there are a greater number of Subscribers than there are shares in the Capital Stock. The consequence will be that in the apportionment, shares will have to be divided, or it will have to be decided by lot who shall have one share, and who shall have none.

From the Charleston Mercury.

At the late Anniversary of the South Carolina Society for the Advancement of Learning, the following individuals were named a Committee to devise the means of prosecuting the Southern Review, viz.

ROBERT BARNWELL SMITH.
ROBERT V. HAYNE.
JAMES L. PETTIGRU.
JAMES HAMILTON.
MITCHELL KING.
ALBERT MOORE SMITH.

It is hoped these gentlemen will not neglect the important duty confided to them. There are many among us who look with real anxiety to the re-establishment of a Journal which reflected while it lasted, so much true honor upon our State, and produced so visible an effect in advancing the intelligence of its people. Great honor their merit, and have had, who originated this work, but higher praise yet will belong to them who accomplish the arduous, though by no means impracticable task of restoring it to permanent existence. As a proof that effort is all that is wanted to ensure success, it is within the personal knowledge of this writer that when the Resolution, under which the above Committee were nominated, was under consideration, there were nine persons present ready to subscribe their names for one thousand dollars each. What cannot such a spirit do, if adequate steps are taken to rouse and direct it?

The New Orleans Bee says that large purchases of real estate have recently been made in that city by Archibald Murat, supposed to be for his uncle Joseph Bonaparte.

It is stated in the Washington Metropolitan that Dr. John Preston after other legacies to friends and public institutions, left the remainder of his property estimated at \$200,000 for founding a lying-in Hospital for poor married women.

It is said in the N. York Gazette that more than one thousand persons travel the streets of that city who live by theft, some of them collect daily from 25 to 30 pounds of Coffee, Sugar and Spices from the merchandize exposed for sale at the different auctions. Others go about stealing bags from street doors for future use. Many of them are foreigners, a great many boys have taken up the trade within a year. It is also said that in London 80,000 individuals live in the same way, the most of them do not know in the morning where they are to sleep at night.

It is estimated that not less than three hundred wagons were in town yesterday morning at one time for fish. They met with ready sales and good prices for the produce brought in, and procured their supplies in fine order and comparatively low rates. *Alexandria Gazette.*

Great quantities of herrings have been caught this week at the lower landings on the Potomac.

- AUGUSTA, MAY 3. - The Columbus Enquirer of April 29, states that the steamer Ohioan, with all her cargo was destroyed by fire on her way up the Chattahoochee on the 23d. There were on board 15 passengers who were all saved, except a servant girl, who being frightened jumped overboard and was drowned.

The New Orleans Bee, of the 25th ult., announces the arrival at that place of 500 Seminole Indians, on their way to the Western country.

At New York, on the 25th ult., 105 Shares U. S. Bank Stock sold at 123; 200 do. 123 1/2; 90 do. at 123 1/4.

REMARKABLE DESPATCH.

The steamer James Boatwright, which arrived at this port on Saturday at 2 P. M. left Columbia on Friday, at 3 A. M., having stopped six hours on the way, completed her passage from wharf to wharf, in 24 running hours, anticipating the mail of the same day. The distance by water has always been considered upwards of 400 miles. *- Charleston Mercury.*

GOING NORTHEAST FROM WASHINGTON, the mail will leave that city at three o'clock A. M. by railroad; it will leave Baltimore at half past six A. M. by steamboat; it will leave Philadelphia at four P. M. by the Camden and Amboy railroad, and arrive at New York at eleven the same night. Travellers can thus pass from Richmond to New York in 43 hours, and from Baltimore to New York in 101 1/2 hours.

NEW YORK, APRIL 25, Street Assassination. - A gentleman who stated that his name is James Crafts, and that he was from Columbia, S. C. was about two o'clock yesterday morning, found by one of the city watchmen near Washington Market, weltering in blood. Having raised an alarm and procured assistance, the watchmen removed him to the lower watchhouse, where, upon examination, he was found to have been repeatedly stabbed in the breast with a dirk or similar weapon, and that he was in a very precarious situation. Surgical aid was promptly obtained, and his wounds dressed; and a carriage, where he now lies on the verge of the grave, and his recovery exceedingly doubtful. He was too exhausted to give any explanation of the manner, or by whom, he had been thus murderously assaulted.

EDENTON AND NORFOLK RAIL ROAD.

An animated meeting was held at Norfolk, on the 28th ult., at which resolutions were adopted appointing Commissioners, and taking other measures to co-operate zealously with the people of North Carolina, in the proposed project of a Rail Road from Edenton to Norfolk, by the way of the Dismal Swamp Canal.

A little negro boy in Virginia, it is said, the other day was observed very busily engaged in "drawing black lines" with a piece of charcoal over a grease spot on the carpet. He had received orders from his mistress to "expunge" the grease. *- Alex. Gaz.*

RICHMOND, MAY 2.

Stock promptly taken. - The books of subscription for stock in the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company, which were opened on Thursday last at Lynch's Coffee-house, were closed on Saturday evening. The amount allotted to Richmond was only 3,000 shares, and instead of this going off heavily, four thousand two hundred and thirty-three shares were taken. We presume Petersburg has also exceeded her quota, and a scaling of the shares must consequently be made.

Amongst the cheering indications of the times, it may be noticed that the people of the country now vie with those of the city, in matters of this sort. Hitherto, they viewed money laid out in stocks as absolutely thrown away - now they consider it safely and profitably invested when applied to objects of internal improvement. *- Compiler.*

An English paper gives an account of a tea party of sixty matrons, mothers of eight hundred and sixty-nine children. Twelve of the dames alone having given birth to two hundred and two of the number!! One of them was the mother of thirty-one children!!!

The science of Meteorology has arrived to such perfection that we are told that Mr. Esqy, a gentleman of much learning and science of this city, predicted on Friday evening last, that there would be an Aurora Borealis between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock of that evening last. The appearance of that phenomenon verified his prediction. *- Phil. Com. Herald.*

Best Sugar. - The quantity of sugar manufactured in France from the beet, in 1835 was from forty to sixty millions of pounds. In 1836 it did not exceed four millions of pounds.

A portrait of Queen ELIZABETH, at the age of seventeen, was recently discovered in an ancient mansion in Yorkshire, which was erected in the early part of her reign. It is a highly finished and most characteristic likeness of that celebrated woman, and exhibits her under far more favorable circumstances of feature and expression than any likeness of her that is known to exist.

A young lady, who resides in the country, has her chamber in the third story of a lofty house, at no great distance from an extensive wood or park. The windows are furnished with venetian shutters, leaving a space of about six inches between them and the glass sashes. - Early in the last winter, the lady observed that a beautiful flying squirrel had sought refuge from the season, and snugly located himself there. She gave the little stranger a kind and hospitable welcome, feeding him plentifully with choice nuts and other dainties, and leaving him at liberty to go to his wood and return at his pleasure; which he did daily.

After a short time he brought a companion to share the comfort and luxury of his habitation; and they went on increasing their number until the colony amounted to nine or more, who were furnished by their kind hostess with boxes for shelter, and soft wool for their bedding, which they arranged to their taste, and used without fear, making occasional visits to the park for variety or exercise. They showed no reluctance nor distrust, when the window was raised for the curiosity of visitors, or to give them their food; and they seemed as conscious of safety, as they were of the comfort and luxury of their living.

What sort of intelligence existed between these little animals and their friends in the woods, that they could communicate to them the good quarters they had discovered, and induce them to follow to this *clandestine* first adventure, who may be called the Columbus of the settlement; must have been able to inform his followers of the warm home and delicious fare prepared for them and perhaps he allured them by describing the gay and gentle spirit and captivating charms of the fair patroness.

National Gazette.

Military Orders. - It is stated in the Alabama Journal that Gov. Clay of this State has ordered a draught of 3000 militia, to be in readiness to act against the Creek Indians should it be necessary.

MAIL ARRANGEMENT.

The following is the schedule which the Postmaster General has directed to be observed from the 25th April.

Going South.

Leave Washington	at 3 A. M.
Arrive at Richmond	by 7 1/2 P. M. 16 1/2 hours
" at Halifax	by 12 noon 16 1/2 "
" at Fayetteville	by 10 1/2 P. M. 34 1/2 "
" at Cheraw	by 3 1/2 P. M. 17 "
" at Columbia	by 3 P. M. 21 "
" at Augusta	by 6 1/2 P. M. 36 1/2 "
" at Millidgeville	by 2 P. M. 39 1/2 "
" at Columbus	by 2 P. M. 23 "
" at Montgomery	by 1 P. M. 23 "
" at Mobile	by 9 P. M. 56 "
And at New Orleans	by 10 P. M. 25 "

Time from Washington to N. Orleans, 283 hours or 11 days and 27 hours.

Returning.

Leave New Orleans	at 10 A. M.
Arrive at Mobile	at 11 A. M. 25 hours
" at Montgomery	by 5 P. M. 54 "
" at Columbus	by 2 1/2 P. M. 21 1/2 "
" at Millidgeville	by 11 P. M. 32 1/2 "
" at Augusta	by 8 P. M. 21 "
" at Columbia	by 2 1/2 P. M. 18 1/2 "
" at Cheraw	by 12 noon 21 1/2 "
" at Fayetteville	by 3 A. M. 15 "
" at Halifax	by 3 A. M. 34 1/2 "
" at Richmond	by 5 A. M. 15 1/2 "
And at Washington	by 10 P. M. 17 "

Time from N. Orleans to Washington 276 hours or 11 days and 12 hours.

DIARY OF THE WEATHER.

In this Town last week.

	Ther.	Bar.	Wind	Remarks.
Mon.	70	78	80	clear
Tues.	74	78	76	cloudy
Wed.	75	78	78	"
Thur.	73	76	74	"
Fri.	66	66	66	"
Sat.	74	68	80	"

SUNDAY SCHOOL AND TRACT DEPOSITORIES.

A NUMBER of individuals of this town and neighborhood have paid between \$700 and \$800 for Sunday school books and religious Tracts, and have thus established these Depositories which are intended to be perpetual.

These books and tracts are sold at cost and charges, without any profit, to all who will buy, and the money reinvested in books of the same kind, and thus the supply is always kept up. The books are sold at the same prices that they are sold at the Depositories by retail in New York and Philadelphia.

These books and tracts inculcate that form of truth and doctrine in which Christians are generally agreed; and have nothing sectarian in them; and thus are calculated to supply the wants of Christians of every evangelical denomination.

The Depositories are at the Book Store and are kept and attended to free of charge or expense.

The following Periodicals devoted to Agriculture are received in exchange at this office, and files of them kept in the bookstore, which Planters are invited to call and examine with a hope that for their own interest they may be induced to subscribe.

The SOUTHERN AGRICULTURIST, published monthly in Charleston, S. C. at five dollars per annum.

The FARMER AND GARDENER, successor to the American Farmer, published weekly in Baltimore at five dollars per annum.

The CULTIVATOR, published monthly in Albany, N. Y. at fifty cents per annum.

The WESTERN FARMER, published monthly in Cincinnati, Ohio, at one dollar per annum.

The MONTHLY GENESSEE FARMER, published at Rochester New York, price fifty cents per annum.

TENNESSEE FARMER, published monthly in Jonesborough, Tennessee, at one dollar per annum.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

PRICES CURRENT, MAY 9.

Beef in market	lb	9	10
Bacon	lb	12 1/2	15
Butter	lb	14	25
Hams	lb	16	18
Beeswax	lb	16	18
Bagging	yard	20	35
Bale rope	lb	11	12 1/2
Coffee	lb	14	16
Cotton	100lbs	1300	1825
Corn	bushel	80	80
Flour from waggon	brl	7	900
Northern	brl	33	36
Feathers from waggon	lb	3	5
Midge green	100lbs	450	550
dry	100lbs	75	250
Indigo	lb	350	350
Lard	cask	13	15
Leather sole	lb	25	28
Lead bar	lb	8	9
Logwood	lb	40	45
Molasses	gal	40	45
Nails out assorted	lb	73	8
wrought	lb	20	40
Oats	bushel	40	00
Oil curriers	gal	75	100
lamp	125		
linseed	137 1/2		
Paints white lead	keg	350	
Spanish brown	lb	100	112 1/2
Pork	brl	000	000
Rice	100lbs	400	500
Shot Bag	lb	200	2 50
Sugar	lb	124	14
Salt	sack	240	275
salt	bush	75	
Steel American blister	lb	10	18
English do	lb	15	16
German do	lb	9	10
Tallow	lb	9	10
Woods	125	152	
Ten imperial	lb	75	100
hyson	lb	8	00
Tobacco manufactured	lb	325	350
Window glass 8 x 10	50ft	325	375
10 x 12			

EXCHANGE.

Checks on New York.
For sums under \$200 1.00
For sums of and over \$200 1 per cent.
Checks on Charleston, Columbia and Fayetteville.
For sums under \$200 50 cts.
" " of \$200 1 per cent.

ARRIVED.

On the 8th steamer *Atlanta*, Gormien, 2 days from Georgetown with merchandise for James Wright, D. S. Harlee, J. C. Wadsworth, J. Hervey, A. Burnett & Co., A. Blue, F. Long, J. C. Powell, B. Bryan, J. W. Leak, Dr. M. R. McLean, M. Buchanan, J. H. Dunlap, M. R. Hailey, J. Taylor, R. H. Crockett, J. C. Coit, & F. Turner of this place; and A. A. Powell, J. J. Evans, J. H. McIntosh, L. M. White, J. B. Nettles, J. W. & E. R. Harris, J. M. Waddell, J. H. Martin & Co., J. M. & J. Allen, R. Allen & Son, A. Myers, J. Allen & Co., D. Parks, A. & C. Hubbard, Smith, Williams & Boyd, E. M. Chares W. & A. Alexander, McCorkle & Leake, J. J. Shafford, P. L. Robertson & Co., J. W. Bakeloy, J. J. Purman, P. C. Cogshall, W. Johnson, P. S. Dewey, R. Peoples, B. C. Lilly, P. May, R. A. Wallace, Allen & Kendall, and Cox of the interior.

On the 4th pole boat James Coit, with merchandise for D. S. Harlee, and Brown Bryan, of this place, and M. C. Bruce & Co. of the interior.

On the 7th pole boat James Coit, with Cotton for D. S. Harlee, B. Bryan, D. J. Malloy, and J. C. Wadsworth.

Fayetteville, May 5.
Bacon 12 1/2. Coffee 14 1/2. Cotton 15 1/2. 16. Corn 85 1/2. Flour 6 1/2. Iron 5 1/2. 6. Molasses 48 1/2. Sugar Brown 13 1/2. 14. Lump 15. Leaf 18 1/2. Cotton Bagging 25 1/2. 30. Wheat 12 1/2.

Baltimore, May 2.
Flour & Meal - Best wh. fam. 7 75 8 25
Do. do. Baker's 7 50 8 00
Do. do. Superior. 6 87 7 12

CHARLESTON May 7, 1836.

Bacon, Hams new, lb. 12 1/2. Coffee, inf. to fair lb. 12 1/2. Flour, Balt. H. S. sup. bl. 7 50 7 62. Grain, Corn, bush. 75 1/2. Molasses, Cuba, gal. 38 1/2. New Orleans, gal. 44 1/2. Pork, Moss, New York, bl. 23 1/2. Prime, bl. 19 1/2. Rice, inferior to 100 lbs. 2 75 3 43 1/2. Prime to choice, 3 50 3 62 1/2. Flour the market is well stocked and the demand limited.

Sugar the stock has accumulated, and the demand is very limited. We have to note but few sales, and that at a reduction in prices. We have altered our quotations.

Molasses one small cargo arrived from Cuba brought about 40 cents. Holders of New Orleans are asking from 50 to 55 cents.

Bacon the receipts of the week have been heavy, reaching near 400,000 lbs. A lot of Western just arrived, was offered at auction on Thursday, 30,000 lbs. sold as follows: Hams, 10 1/2. Sides, 12 1/2. Shoulders, 8 1/2. 9 1/2. The balance, about 120,000 lbs. was withdrawn. About 9,000 Baltimore sold at \$13 1/2. Hog round, the balance received from that port, as well as two cargoes from North Carolina, are stored; holders not being disposed to submit at present to any reduction, the stock being large, prices must give way.

Liverpool, March 18. - The demand for Sugar has been limited.

Law Notice.

T. C. EVANS will practice in the courts of S. C. Law and equity in the Northern circuit. Office, Market St. Cheraw.

Notice.

I HAVE purchased from Mr. Augustus P. LaCoste his interest in the Stock of LaCoste & McKay and intend continuing the business on my own account. I have on hand and will at all times keep a large and well selected Stock of Groceries. Country Merchants and others purchasing in this market will do well to come and see. D. L. McKAY.

Cheraw 9th May 1836.

Banking House.

PROPOSALS will be received for contract to build a Banking House at Cheraw, until 15th of June next. The building to be two stories high, of brick, 48 feet by 42. Persons proposing to contract can see specifications by applying at the Bank.

J. C. COIT, President.

Cheraw, May 5.

POLICIES will be issued upon Buildings, Merchandise in Store, and on the river and from Charleston and Georgetown; also on Cotton in store. Persons living in the country and town adjacent, by giving a description of their property, can have it insured against loss or damage by fire.

D. S. HARLEE, Agent at Cheraw, for Ins. Co. of Columbia, S. C.

April 10, 1836.

THE Partnership in business conducted by the Subscribers, under the firm of LaCoste & McKay, will expire on the first day of June next. All persons having demands against the firm are requested to present them for payment previous to that time, those indebted will please liquidate their accounts by cash or notes by the first of June.

A. P. LACOSTE, D. L. McKAY.

Cheraw, May 3.